



BECKHAM COUNTY

Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020



State Auditor & Inspector

BECKHAM COUNTY, OKLAHOMA FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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Cindy Byrd, CPA | State Auditor & Inspector

2300 N. Lincoln Blvd., Room 123, Oklahoma City, OK 73105 | 405.521.3495 | www.sai.ok.gov

June 30, 2022

TO THE CITIZENS OF BECKHAM COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

Transmitted herewith is the audit of Beckham County, Oklahoma for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The audit was conducted in accordance with 19 O.S. § 171.

A report of this type can be critical in nature. Failure to report commendable features in the accounting and operating procedures of the entity should not be interpreted to mean that they do not exist.

The goal of the State Auditor and Inspector is to promote accountability and fiscal integrity in state and local government. Maintaining our independence as we provide this service to the taxpayers of Oklahoma is of utmost importance.

We wish to take this opportunity to express our appreciation for the assistance and cooperation extended to our office during our engagement.

This report is a public document pursuant to the Oklahoma Open Records Act (51 O.S. § 24A.1 et seq.) and shall be open to any person for inspection and copying.

Sincerely,

ndy Byrd

CINDY BYRD, CPA OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

Board of County Commissioners

District 1 – Carl Campbell District 2 – Tate Finnell District 3 – Johnny Davis

County Assessor

Jonathan Beck

County Clerk

Leasa Hartman

County Sheriff

Derek Manning

County Treasurer

Jennifer Drury

Court Clerk

Donna Howell

District Attorney

Angela Marsee

BECKHAM COUNTY, OKLAHOMA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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FINANCIAL SECTION



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Independent Auditor's Report

TO THE OFFICERS OF BECKHAM COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the total—all county funds on the accompanying regulatory basis Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances of Beckham County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statement as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1, the financial statement is prepared by Beckham County using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Beckham County as of June 30, 2020, or changes in financial position for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the total receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances for all county funds of Beckham County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the total of all county funds on the financial statement. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statement.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statement.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2022, on our consideration of Beckham County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial report is an integral part

of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Beckham County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Byrd

CINDY BYRD, CPA OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

June 28, 2022

REGULATORY BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENT

BECKHAM COUNTY, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES—REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Beginning Cash Balances July 1, 2019		Receipts Apportioned	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Disbursements		Ending Cash Balances June 30, 2020	
County Funds:									
County General	\$	3,536,249	\$ 3,625,137	\$ -	\$ -	\$	3,200,836	\$	3,960,550
County Highway Unrestricted		4,419,421	3,070,964	-	28,159		3,448,501		4,013,725
County Bridge and Road Improvement		140,022	291,173	1,049,685	-		154,922		1,325,958
County Bridge and Road Improvement 105		1,025,483	-	-	1,021,526		3,957		-
Health		803,238	677,572	-	-		526,602		954,208
Resale Property		638,363	192,499	-	-		110,487		720,375
Treasurer Mortgage Certification		24,754	3,615	-	-		-		28,369
County Clerk Lien Fee		276,325	10,686	4,942	4,942		38,721		248,290
County Clerk Records Management and Preservation		157,154	38,985	-	-		22,332		173,807
Assessor Revolving Fee		8,392	1,654	643	-		-		10,689
Assessor Visual Inspection		643	-	-	643		-		-
Sheriff Service Fee		56,046	144,620	38,510	15,030		183,356		40,790
Sheriff Deparment of Corrections		17,995	-	-	17,170		825		-
Sheriff Commissary		116,202	69,911	-	-		130,500		55,613
Jail - ST		131,292	1,164,000	-	-		1,188,024		107,268
Courthouse Security		21,993	900	-	21,340		1,553		-
Emergency Management		26,191	25,000	-	-		35,819		15,372
Treasurer's Cash		700	-	-	-		-		700
Local Emergency Planning Committee		1,785	1,000	-	-		1,587		1,198
County Sales Tax Proceeds		-	966,878	-	-		966,878		-
County Donations		10,620	3,583,164	15,030	-		64,574		3,544,240
Rural Fire - ST		38,125	387,449	-	-		37,865		387,709
REAP Revolving Grant Fund			73,850				-		73,850
Total - All County Funds - As Restated	\$ 1	1,450,993	\$ 14,329,057	\$ 1,108,810	\$ 1,108,810	\$	10,117,339	\$	15,662,711

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

Beckham County is a subdivision of the State of Oklahoma created by the Oklahoma Constitution and regulated by Oklahoma Statutes.

The accompanying financial statement presents the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances of the total of all funds under the control of the primary government. The general fund is the county's general operating fund, accounting for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund, where its use is restricted for a specified purpose. Other funds established by statute and under the control of the primary government are also presented.

The County Treasurer collects, and remits material amounts of intergovernmental revenues and ad valorem tax revenue for other budgetary entities, including emergency medical districts, school districts, and cities and towns. The cash receipts and disbursements attributable to those other entities do not appear in funds on the County's financial statement; those funds play no part in the County's operations. Any trust or agency funds maintained by the County are not included in this presentation.

B. Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to report on receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the County converted to a new chart of accounts; therefore, several fund names and descriptions change. However, these changes do not reflect a change in the sources and uses of revenues over the prior fiscal year.

Following are descriptions of the county funds included within the financial statement:

County General – accounts for the general operations of the government.

<u>County Highway Unrestricted</u> – accounts for state, local, and miscellaneous receipts, and disbursements are for the purpose of constructing and maintaining county roads and bridges.

<u>County Bridge and Road Improvement</u> – accounts for state receipts and disbursements are for the purpose of maintaining bridges and roads.

<u>County Bridge and Road Improvement 105</u> – accounts for state receipts and disbursements are for the purpose of maintaining bridges and roads.

 $\underline{\text{Health}}$ – accounts for monies collected on behalf of the county health department from ad valorem taxes and state and local revenues.

<u>Resale Property</u> – accounts for the collection of interest and penalties on delinquent taxes and disposition of same as restricted by state statute.

<u>Treasurer Mortgage Certification</u> – accounts for the collection of fees by the Treasurer for mortgage tax certificates and the disbursement of the funds as restricted by state statute.

<u>County Clerk Lien Fee</u> – accounts for lien collections and disbursements as restricted by state statute.

<u>County Clerk Records Management and Preservation</u> – accounts for fees collected for instruments filed with the County Clerk as restricted by state statute to be used for preservation of records.

<u>Assessor Revolving Fee</u> – accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds by the Assessor as restricted by state statue for the visual inspection program.

<u>Assessor Visual Inspection</u> – accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds by the Assessor as restricted by state statute for the visual inspection program.

<u>Sheriff Service Fee</u> – accounts for the collection of sheriff process service fees to be disbursed as restricted by state statute, the collection of fees through the courts to be disbursed for administrative expenses and supervision of offenders; and for fees collected through the courts to be disbursed for courthouse security.

<u>Sheriff Department of Corrections</u> – accounts for monies received from the State Department of Corrections and local police departments for boarding and feeding prisoners and disbursed as restricted by state statute.

<u>Sheriff Commissary</u> – accounts for the collection of the sale of items to inmates and the Sheriff shall be permitted to expend the funds to improve or provide jail services. The sheriff shall be permitted to expend any surplus in the Sheriff's Commissary Account for administering expenses for training equipment, travel or for capital expenditures.

<u>Jail - ST</u> –accounts for the proceeds from the Beckham County Facilities Authority that were collected in excess of bond payments and disbursed for the operations of the Jail.

<u>Courthouse Security</u> – accounts for the fees collected from court costs that are allocated for courthouse security.

<u>Emergency Management</u> – accounts for federal grant money disbursed to support the emergency management program.

<u>Treasurer's Cash</u> – accounts for monies held as cash on hand to set up a cash drawer.

<u>Local Emergency Planning Committee</u> – accounts for the collection of grant money to be disbursed for the operations of local emergency management.

<u>County Sales Tax Proceeds</u> – accounts for the collection of sales tax revenue disbursed to the Beckham County Facilities Authority for bond payments for the Jail. County sales tax proceeds are $\frac{1}{4}$ of 1% (.25%).

<u>County Donations</u> – accounts for the collection of funds donated to Beckham County to be disbursed specifically for which the donations were made.

<u>Rural Fire - ST</u> – accounts for sales tax collections to be disbursed in accordance with sales tax ballots approved by the voters of Beckham County.

<u>REAP Revolving Grant Fund</u> – accounts for the collection of grant money to be disbursed as restricted by grant agreement.

C. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is prepared on a basis of accounting wherein amounts are recognized when received or disbursed. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred. This regulatory basis financial presentation is not a comprehensive measure of economic condition or changes therein.

Title 19 O.S. § 171 allows Oklahoma counties to present their financial statement in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) or on a regulatory basis. The County has elected to present their financial statement on a regulatory basis in conformity with Title 19 O.S. § 171, which specifies the format and presentation of such regulatory basis financial statements: county governments (primary only) are required to present their financial statements on a fund basis format with, at a minimum, the general fund and all other county funds, which represent ten percent or greater of total county revenue with all other funds included in the audit presented in the aggregate in a combining statement. However, the County has elected to present all funds included in the audit in the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances—Regulatory Basis.

D. <u>Budget</u>

Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a general fund and a county health department fund are the only funds required to adopt a formal budget. On or before the first Monday in July of each year, each officer or department head submits an estimate of needs to the governing body. The budget is approved for the respective fund by office, or department and object. The County Board of Commissioners may approve changes of appropriations within the fund by office or department and object. To increase or decrease the budget by fund requires approval by the County Excise Board.

E. Cash and Investments

For the purposes of financial reporting, "Ending Cash Balances, June 30" includes cash and cash equivalents and investments as allowed by statutes. The County pools the cash of its various funds in maintaining its bank accounts. However, cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable on the County's books. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements.

State statutes require financial institutions with which the County maintains funds to deposit collateral securities to secure the County's deposits. The amount of collateral securities to be pledged is established by the County Treasurer; this amount must be at least the amount of the deposit to be secured, less the amount insured (by, for example, the FDIC).

The County Treasurer has been authorized by the County's governing board to make investments. Allowable investments are outlined in statutes 62 O.S. § 348.1 and § 348.3.

All investments must be backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government, the Oklahoma State Government, fully collateralized, or fully insured. All investments as classified by state statute are nonnegotiable certificates of deposit. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are not subject to interest rate risk or credit risk.

2. Ad Valorem Tax

The County's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 of the same year for all real and personal property located in the County, except certain exempt property. Assessed values are established by the County Assessor within the prescribed guidelines established by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and the State Equalization Board. Title 68 O.S. § 2820.A. states, ". . . Each assessor shall thereafter maintain an active and systematic program of visual inspection on a continuous basis and shall establish an inspection schedule which will result in the individual visual inspection of all taxable property within the county at least once each four (4) years."

Taxes are due on November 1 following the levy date, although they may be paid in two equal installments. If the first half is paid prior to January 1, the second half is not delinquent until April 1. The County Treasurer, according to the law, shall give notice of delinquent taxes and special assessments by publication once a week for two consecutive weeks at any time after April 1, but prior to the end of September following the year the taxes were first due and payable. Unpaid real property taxes become a lien upon said property after the treasurer has perfected the lien by public notice.

Unpaid delinquent personal property taxes are usually published in May. If the taxes are not paid within 30 days from publication, they shall be placed on the personal tax lien docket.

3. Other Information

A. Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The County contributes to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). Benefit provisions are established and amended by the Oklahoma Legislature. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to Plan members and beneficiaries. Title 74, Sections 901 through 943, as amended, establishes the provisions of the Plan. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing OPERS, P.O. Box 53007, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73105 or by calling 1-800-733-9008.

<u>Funding Policy</u>. The contribution rates for each member category are established by the Oklahoma Legislature and are based on an actuarial calculation which is performed to determine the adequacy of contribution rates.

B. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

In addition to the pension benefits described in the Pension Plan note, OPERS provides postretirement health care benefits of up to \$105 each for retirees who are members of an eligible group plan. These benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as part of the overall retirement benefit. OPEB expenditure and participant information is available for the state as a whole; however, information specific to the County is not available nor can it be reasonably estimated.

C. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, primarily the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time; however, the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

As of the end of the fiscal year, there were no claims or judgments that would have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County; however, the outcome of any lawsuit would not be determinable.

D. Sales Tax

Sales Tax of February 12, 2002

On February 12, 2002, the voters of Beckham County approved a three-tenths of one percent (3/10 of 1%) county sales tax through March 31, 2017, after which time said tax shall be reduced to one-fourth of one percent (1/4 of 1%) with said one-fourth of one percent (1/4 of 1%) being unlimited in duration. The purpose of the three-tenths of one percent (3/10 of 1%) sales tax shall be to fund the acquisition, construction, equipping, furnishing, general operations and maintenance of a jail facility in Beckham County, Oklahoma, including payment of debt service on obligations issued to finance said jail facility. The one-fourth of one percent (1/4 of 1%) sales tax shall be to pay for general operations and capital improvements benefiting Beckham County, Oklahoma. This is accounted for in the County Sales Tax Proceeds fund.

Sales Tax November 6, 2018

On November 6, 2018, the voters of Beckham County approved a five-year (5) temporary sales tax for one-tenth percent (0.10%) to be levied upon the gross proceeds derived from all sales or services in the county upon which a consumer's sales tax is levied by this state, commencing on February 1, 2019. The one-tenth percent (0.10%) increase is for the general operation and capital improvement for the Sayre Fire Department, Delhi Rural Fire Department, Sweetwater Fire Department, Texola Volunteer Fire Department, Erick Fire Department, Carter Volunteer Fire Department and Elk City Fire Department. This is accounted for in the Rural Fire - ST fund.

E. Interfund Transfers

During the fiscal year, the County made the following transfers between cash funds:

- \$28,159 was transferred from the County T-Hwy account within the County Highway Unrestricted fund to the County Bridge and Road Improvement fund by Board of County Commissioners' (BOCC) resolution for the purpose of closing the account.
- \$1,021,526 was transferred from the County Bridge and Road Improvement 105 fund to the County Bridge and Road Improvement fund by BOCC resolution for the purpose of closing the fund.
- \$643 was transferred from the Assessor Visual Inspection fund to the Assessor Revolving Fee fund by BOCC resolution for the purpose of closing the fund.
- \$17,170 was transferred from the Sheriff Department of Corrections fund to the Sheriff Service Fee fund by BOCC resolution for the purpose of closing the fund.
- \$21,340 was transferred from the Courthouse Security fund to the Sheriff Service Fee fund by BOCC resolution for the purpose of closing the fund.

- \$15,030 was transferred from the Sheriff Service Fee fund to the County Donations fund by BOCC resolution for the purpose of combining the School Resource Officer account within the Sheriff Service Fee fund with the County Donations fund.
- \$4,942 was transferred from the County Clerk Lien Fee fund to the Drug Court Fund (Trust & Agency Fund) for the purpose of loaning Drug Court Fund monies to make the August and September payroll.
- \$4,942 was transferred from the Drug Court Fund (Trust & Agency Fund) to the County Clerk Lien Fee fund for the purpose of repaying the loan.

F. <u>Restatement of Fund Balance</u>

During the fiscal year, the County had a reclassification of funds. Drug Court Fund was reclassified as a trust and agency fund as it is under the direction of the District Attorney and the Courts.

Prior year ending balance, as reported	\$11,455,056
Funds reclassified as Trust and Agency Fund: Drug Court Fund reclassified from a County Fund to a Trust and Agency fund	(4,063)
Prior year ending balance, as restated	<u>\$11,450,993</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BECKHAM COUNTY, OKLAHOMA COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES—BUDGET AND ACTUAL— BUDGETARY BASIS—GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund				
	Budget	Actual	Variance		
District Attorney - County	\$ 7,840	\$ 7,803	\$ 37		
County Sheriff	746,877	746,874	3		
County Treasurer	148,050	140,438	7,612		
County Commissioners	8,290	6,097	2,193		
County Commissioners O.S.U. Extension	29,528	17,945	11,583		
County Clerk	186,854	184,765	2,089		
Court Clerk	310,675	300,214	10,461		
County Assessor	217,490	206,590	10,900		
Visual Inspection	210,267	195,839	14,428		
Juvenile Shelter Bureau: Detention	40,000	6,526	33,474		
General Government	3,797,143	534,821	3,262,322		
Excise - Equalization Board	3,800	3,228	572		
County Election Expense	69,071	64,056	5,015		
Fixed General Fund	697,500	618,738	78,762		
Emergency Management	15,719	11,190	4,529		
County Audit Budget Account	76,480	68,995	7,485		
Free Fair Budget Account	13,528	6,858	6,670		
Total Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	\$ 6,579,112	\$ 3,120,977	\$ 3,458,135		

BECKHAM COUNTY, OKLAHOMA COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES—BUDGET AND ACTUAL— BUDGETARY BASIS—HEALTH FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Health Fund				
	Budget	Budget Actual				
Health and Welfare	\$ 1,409,961	\$ 649,782	\$ 760,179			
Total Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	\$ 1,409,961	\$ 649,782	\$ 760,179			

1. Budgetary Schedules

The Comparative Schedules of Expenditures—Budget and Actual—Budgetary Basis for the General Fund and the Health Fund present comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data. The "actual" data, as presented in the comparison of budget and actual, will differ from the data as presented in the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances because of adopting certain aspects of the budgetary basis of accounting and the adjusting of encumbrances and outstanding warrants to their related budget year.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in these funds. At the end of the year unencumbered appropriations lapse.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE SECTION



Cindy Byrd, CPA | State Auditor & Inspector

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

TO THE OFFICERS OF BECKHAM COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the total—all county funds of the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Balances of Beckham County, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statement, which collectively comprise Beckham County's basic financial statement, prepared using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2022.

Our report included an adverse opinion on the financial statement because the statement is prepared using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by Oklahoma state law, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, our report also included our opinion that the financial statement does present fairly, in all material respects, the receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances – regulatory basis of the County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, on the basis of accounting prescribed by Oklahoma state law, described in Note 1.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered Beckham County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Beckham County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Beckham County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's

financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be material weaknesses: 2020-001 and 2020-005.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be significant deficiencies: 2020-014.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Beckham County's financial statement is free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2020-005.

Beckham County's Response to Findings

Beckham County's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Beckham County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CINDY BYRD, CPA OKLAHOMA STATE AUDITOR & INSPECTOR

June 28, 2022

SECTION 1—Findings related to the Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Finding 2020-001 – Lack of County-Wide Internal Controls (Repeat Finding - 2012-001, 2013-001, 2018-001, 2019-001)

Condition: Through the process of gaining an understanding of the County's internal control structure, it was noted that county-wide controls regarding Risk Assessment and Monitoring have not been designed.

Cause of Condition: Policies and procedures have not been designed and implemented to address the Risk Assessment and Monitoring in the County.

Effect of Condition: This condition does not allow the County to function in the most effective manner possible. Additionally, without written documentation of the county-wide controls it is more difficult to retain organizational knowledge, communicate that knowledge to personnel, indicate what internal controls are present, and monitor those controls.

Recommendation: The Oklahoma State Auditor & Inspector's Office (OSAI) recommends that the County design and implement a system of county-wide procedures to identify and address risks related to financial reporting and to ensure that information is communicated effectively. OSAI also recommends that the County design and implement Risk Assessment and Monitoring procedures to assess the quality of performance over time. These procedures should be written policies and procedures and could be included in the County's policies and procedures handbook.

Management Response:

Chairman, Board of County Commissioners: The Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) will work towards assessing and identifying risks to design written county-wide controls.

Criteria: The United States Government Accountability Office's *Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government* (2014 version) aided in guiding our assessments and conclusion. Although this publication (GAO Standards) addresses controls in the federal government, this criterion can be treated as best practices and may be applied as a framework for an internal control system for state, local, and quasi-governmental entities.

The GAO Standards – Section 1 – Fundamental Concepts of Internal Control – OV1.01 states in part:

Definition of Internal Control

Internal control is a process effected by an entity's oversight body, management, and other personnel that provides reasonable assurance that the objectives of an entity will be achieved.

Additionally, GAO Standards – Section 2 – Establishing an Effective Internal Control System – OV2.04 states in part:

Components, Principles, and Attributes

Control Environment - The foundation for an internal control system. It provides the discipline and structure to help an entity achieve its objectives.

Risk Assessment - Assesses the risks facing the entity as it seeks to achieve its objectives. This assessment provides the basis for developing appropriate risk responses.

Information and Communication - The quality information management and personnel communicate and use to support the internal control system.

Monitoring - Activities management establishes and operates to assess the quality of performance over time and promptly resolve the findings of audits and other reviews.

Finding 2020-005 – Internal Controls and Noncompliance Over the Disbursement Process (Repeat Finding - 2011-002, 2012-005, 2013-005, 2018-005, 2019-005)

Condition: The test of forty (40) disbursements reflected the following:

- Four (4) disbursements were not timely encumbered.
- One (1) disbursement did not have proper invoice documentation attached.

Cause of Condition: Policies and procedures have not been designed and implemented to strengthen internal controls over disbursements and ensure compliance with state statute.

Effect of Condition: This condition resulted in noncompliance with state statute which could result in unrecorded transactions, misstated financial reports, undetected errors, and misappropriation of funds.

Recommendation: OSAI recommends the County implement a system of internal controls over the disbursement process. Such controls should include ensuring that funds are encumbered prior to the receipt of goods and/or services, implementing a review process with adequate documentation to support the review, and implementing procedures to ensure authorized personnel requisition, receive, and approve cash disbursements in accordance with 19 O.S. § 1505.

Management Response:

County Clerk: We will express to fellow County officials the importance of County funds being encumbered prior to the receipt of goods and/or services, and that proper invoices be submitted.

Board of County Commissioners: The Board of County Commissioners will express to fellow County officials the importance of County funds being encumbered prior to the receipt of goods and/or services.

Criteria: GAO Standards – Section 2 – Establishing an Effective Internal Control System – OV2.23 states in part:

Objectives of an Entity – Compliance Objectives

Management conducts activities in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. As part of specifying compliance objectives, the entity determines which laws and regulations apply to the entity. Management is expected to set objectives that incorporate these requirements.

Additionally, GAO Standards – Principle 6 – Define Objectives and Risk Tolerances – 6.05 states:

Definitions of Objectives

Management considers external requirements and internal expectations when defining objectives to enable the design of internal control. Legislators, regulators, and standard setting bodies set external requirements by establishing the laws, regulations, and standards with which the entity is required to comply. Management identifies, understands, and incorporates these requirements into the entity's objectives. Management sets internal expectations and requirements through the established standards of conduct, oversight structure, organizational structure, and expectations of competence as part of the control environment.

Further, effective internal controls require that management properly implement procedures to ensure that purchases comply with 19 O.S. § 1505.

Finding 2020-014 – Lack of Internal Controls and Noncompliance Over Sales Tax Apportionments (Repeat Finding - 2018-014, 2019-014)

Condition: Upon inquiry and observation of the recordkeeping process of apportioning sales tax collections, the following was noted:

- The County apportioned and appropriated \$386,908 more than collected into the County Sales Tax Proceeds fund.
- A resolution has not been established for the distribution of the funds from the Rural Fire -ST fund to the seven fire departments.

Cause of Condition: Policies and procedures have not been designed and implemented to ensure sales tax collections are apportioned and appropriated in accordance with the sales tax ballot.

Effect of Condition: These conditions resulted in apportionments and appropriations being overstated.

Recommendation: OSAI recommends that internal controls be designed and implemented to ensure the sales tax collections are properly apportioned and appropriated in accordance with the sales tax ballot. We

further recommend that the Board of County Commissioners adopt a resolution to document how the sales tax for the fire departments is to be distributed, since the sales tax ballot does not address this matter.

Management Response:

Chairman, Board of County Commissioners: We will ensure that the correct sales tax amounts are apportioned and appropriated to the proper funds in accordance with sales tax ballots, and that a BOCC resolution is passed to show how the fire department sales tax is to be apportioned and appropriated.

County Treasurer: This is how the sales tax was set up years ago. We have now corrected the way the sales tax is apportioned and appropriated.

Criteria: GAO Standards – Section 2 – Objectives of an Entity - OV2.23 states in part:

Compliance Objectives

Management conducts activities in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. As part of specifying compliance objectives, the entity determines which laws and regulations apply to the entity. Management is expected to set objectives that incorporate these requirements.

Further, GAO Standards – Principle 6 – Define Objectives and Risk Tolerances - 6.05 states:

Definitions of Objectives

Management considers external requirements and internal expectations when defining objectives to enable the design of internal control. Legislators, regulators, and standardsetting bodies set external requirements by establishing the laws, regulations, and standards with which the entity is required to comply. Management identifies, understands, and incorporates these requirements into the entity's objectives. Management sets internal expectations and requirements through the established standards of conduct, oversight structure, organizational structure, and expectations of competence as part of the control environment.

SECTION 2—This section contains certain matters not required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we believe these matters are significant enough to bring to management's attention. We recommend that management consider these matters and take appropriate corrective action.

No matters were reported.





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